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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/627,437	07/25/2003	Peter Deane	NSC1P269/P05569	5227
22434	7590 09/08/2005		EXAM	INER
BEYER WEAVER & THOMAS LLP			PAK, SUNG H	
P.O. BOX 702	250 CA 94612-0250		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
OAKLAND,	CA 74012-0250		2874	

DATE MAILED: 09/08/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		A.
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/627,437	DEANE, PETER
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Sung H. Pak	2874
The MAILING DATE of this communicated Period for Reply	ation appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIN - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commun - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum staturent or septiment of the period for reply will any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ication. tory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI II, by statute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed 2a) This action is FINAL. 3) Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice)⊠ This action is non-final. r allowance except for formal mat	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-15 is/are pending i 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-15 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objecti Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to be	a) accepted or b) objected to on to the drawing(s) be held in abeya ne correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
	ocuments have been received. Ocuments have been received in A I the priority documents have been al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview	Summary (PTO-413)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____

6) Other: __

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

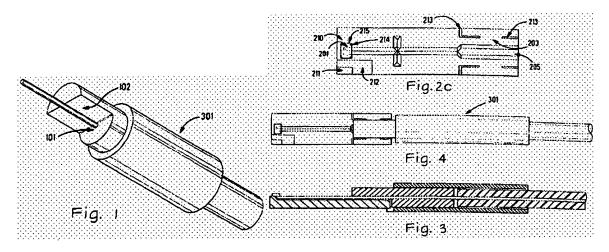
A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 7/06/2005 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-7, 10-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roff (US 5,764,836) in view of Hung (US 6,926,450 B2).



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Roff discloses an optical device including: a bench having an optical component (Fig. 2c); a groove formed in the bench, the groove configured to accommodate an optical fiber (Fig. 2c; column 2 lines 48-50); a ferrule, including a recess region ('101' Fig. 1) to accommodate the optical fiber when the ferrule is mounted onto the bench, the groove and the ferrule being configured to passively aligning the optical fiber and the optical component on the bench (abstract); wherein the groove comprises a V-groove (column 2 lines 48-50); wherein the ferrule is stepped in shape (Fig. 1); wherein the bench is made from etched silicon (column 4 line 5-12); wherein the device may further comprise a lens formed between the end of the fiber and the optical component (column 5 lines 7-11); wherein the optical component may be an optical receiver (column 4 lines 12-21); wherein the optical component may be an optical transmitter (column 4 lines 21-25).

Regarding claims 10-15, since Roff discloses an optical device with all the limitations set forth in the claims, it inherently teaches the method of assembling such a device comprising the steps of providing optical elements as discussed above.

Although Roff discloses a sleeve further comprising a receptacle configured to receive a plug-in connector which optically couples a fiber cable or a fiber optic network link, it does not explicitly teach the use of a cylindrical shaped sleeve configured to accommodate the silicon bench and the ferrule.

However, Hung reference explicitly teaches an optical transmission connection device utilizing a cylindrical sleeve configured to accommodate the optoelectronic bench and the ferrule, the sleeve further comprising a receptacle configured to receive a plug-in connector

which optically couples a fiber cable or a fiber optic network link (Fig. 8-10). Such sleeve element is considered advantageous and desirable in the art because it effectively protects the optical connection between the optical bench and the optical fiber from harsh environmental factors, and the cylindrical shape provides secure and precise connection between the optical fiber and the plug-in connector in a cost-effective manner.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Roff device to have a cylindrical shaped sleeve configured to accommodate the silicon bench and the ferrule, the sleeve further comprising a receptacle configured to receive a plug-in connector which optically couples a fiber cable or a fiber optic network link.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roff (US 5,764,836) and Hung (US 6,926,450 B2) as applied to claims above, and further in view of Tabuchi et al (US 5,757,999).

Roff, in view of Hung, renders all the claimed limitations obvious as discussed above, except it does not explicitly teach the use of plurality of optical components, lenses, and grooves, wherein each of the grooves are configured to accommodate plurality of optical fibers, wherein the ferrule is configured to accommodate plurality of fiber for passive alignment with the optical components.

On the other hand, Tabuchi reference explicitly teaches an optical communications device utilizing plurality of optical components, lenses, and grooves, wherein each of the grooves are configured to accommodate plurality of optical fibers, wherein the ferrule is

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configured to accommodate plurality of fiber for passive alignment with the optical components (Fig. 33; column 30 lines 16-44). Such configuration is considered advantageous and desirable in the art because it allows for simultaneous transmission of plurality of optical signals, increasing the transmission bandwidth and efficiency of the resulting optical communications device.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Roff device to have plurality of optical components, lenses, and grooves, wherein each of the grooves are configured to accommodate plurality of optical fibers, wherein the ferrule is configured to accommodate plurality of fiber for passive alignment with the optical components.

Response to Arguments

In view of the amendment and the request for continued examination, a new ground of rejection is provided after a thorough reconsideration of the pending claims.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sung H. Pak whose telephone number is (571) 272-2353. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday- Friday, 9AM-5PM.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sung H. Pak Patent Examiner Art Unit 2874